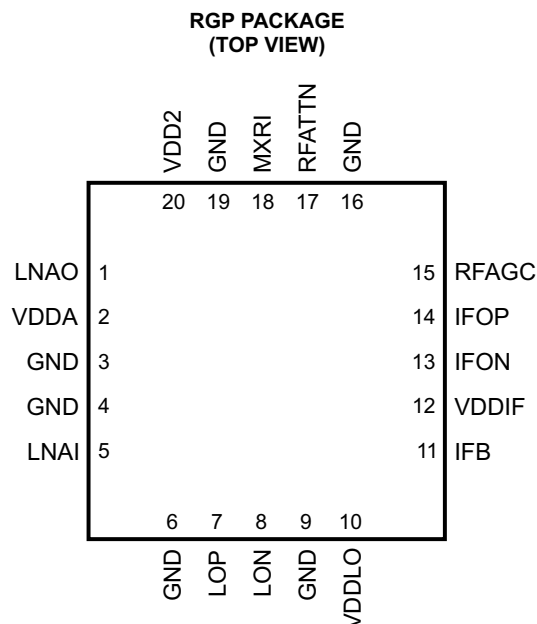


## 3.5-GHz, HIGH DYNAMIC RANGE, LOW-NOISE DOWN-CONVERTER

### FEATURES

- Performs First Down-Conversion in 3.5-GHz Radios (3300–3800 MHz)
- Integrated LNA/Mixer/IF Amp/LO Buffer
- Provision for External Image Reject/Band-Pass Filter
- Low Noise-Figure/High Linearity
- Digital 10-dB Attenuator for High-Level Signals
- Frequency Range: 3.3–3.8 GHz
- 28 dB of Gain with 20 dB of Gain Control (10-dB Fixed)
- 2.5-dB Noise Figure, Typical
- LO Drive Level = 0 dBm, Typical

### DEVICE INFORMATION



P0031-02

### DESCRIPTION

The TRF1216 is the first of two integrated circuits used in the receiver section of Texas Instruments' 3.5-GHz radio chipset. The TRF1216 down-converts the 3.5-GHz input frequency to an intermediate frequency in the range of 400 MHz to 500 MHz. The device provides a differential output that passes through a SAW filter before connecting to a second down converter. For the best performance, Texas Instruments TRF1212 should be used to perform both the second down conversion and also provide the local oscillator for the TRF1216.

The TRF1216 includes a LNA with switchable attenuation, a balanced mixer, a variable gain IF amplifier and a differential LO Buffer for improved performance. In order to provide exceptional image rejection and extra jammer immunity, the TRF1216 offers a signal path to an off-chip filter. Specifications are provided assuming an in-band 2-dB insertion loss filter. To maximize input dynamic range, a 10-dB switchable attenuator is provided in the RF path as well as 10 dB of analog IF gain control. After the image reject filter, an on-chip Balun converts the signal from single ended to differential in order to provide better noise immunity at the mixer.



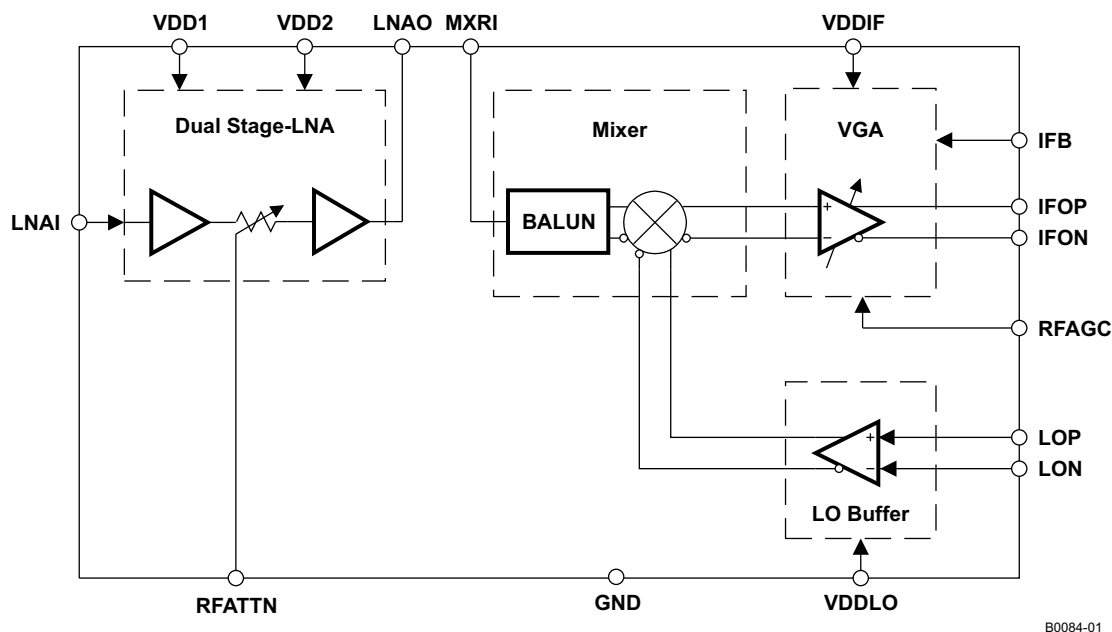
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

The detailed block diagram and the pin-out of the ASIC are shown in Figure 1 and Table 1.



B0084-01

Figure 1. Detailed Block Diagram of TRF1216

## TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

| TERMINAL<br>NO.       | NAME   | I/O | TYPE    | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------|--------|-----|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                     | LNAO   | O   | Analog  | LNA Output, 50 $\Omega$ , ac-coupled                                                                                           |
| 2                     | VDD1   | I   | Power   | LNA1 DC Bias (+5 V nominal)                                                                                                    |
| 3, 4, 6, 9,<br>16, 19 | GND    | –   | –       | Ground                                                                                                                         |
| 5                     | LNAI   | I   | Analog  | RF input – Needs dc block and input matching for optimum noise figure                                                          |
| 7                     | LOP    | I   | Analog  | LO input positive, ac coupled                                                                                                  |
| 8                     | LON    | I   | Analog  | LO input negative, ac coupled                                                                                                  |
| 10                    | VDDLO  | I   | Power   | LO DC Bias (+5 V nominal)                                                                                                      |
| 11                    | IFB    | –   | –       | Not connected for normal operation. IF Bias Adjustment. Do not ground this pin or connect to any other pin.                    |
| 12                    | VDDIF  | I   | Power   | IF Bias Network dc Bias (+5 V nominal)                                                                                         |
| 13                    | IFON   | O   | Analog  | IF output and bias (see the application schematic for connections).                                                            |
| 14                    | IFOP   | O   | Analog  | IF output and bias (see the application schematic for connections).                                                            |
| 15                    | RFAGC  | I   | Analog  | Input voltage for analog gain control $V_{RFAGC} = 0$ V to 1.5 V Max gain at $V_{RFAGC} = 0$ V Min gain at $V_{RFAGC} = 1.5$ V |
| 17                    | RFATTN | I   | Digital | TTL control for switched attenuator TTL low – Attenuator switched in TTL high – Attenuator switched out                        |
| 18                    | MXRI   | I   | Analog  | Mixer Input 50 $\Omega$                                                                                                        |
| 20                    | VDD2   | –   | Power   | LNA2 dc bias (+5 V nominal)                                                                                                    |
| Back                  | GND    | –   | –       | Back of package has metal base that must be grounded for thermal and RF performance.                                           |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|               |                                                    | VALUES      | UNIT |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|
| $V_{DD}$      | DC supply voltage, VDD                             | 0 to 5.5    | V    |
| $P_{IN}$      | RF input power                                     | 10          | dBm  |
| $T_J$         | Junction temperature                               | 200         | °C   |
| $P_D$         | Power dissipation                                  | 1100        | mW   |
| $V_D$         | Digital input voltage                              | –0.3 to 5.5 | V    |
| $V_A$         | Analog input voltage                               | –0.3 to 5   | V    |
| $\theta_{JC}$ | Thermal resistance junction-to-case <sup>(1)</sup> | 9.1         | °C/W |
| $T_{stg}$     | Storage temperature                                | –40 to 105  | °C   |
| $T_{op}$      | Operating temperature                              | –40 to 85   | °C   |
|               | Lead temperature (40 Sec Max)                      | 260         | °C   |

(1) Thermal resistance is junction to ambient assuming thermal pad with nine thermal vias under package metal base. See the recommended PCB layout.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The characteristics listed in the following tables are at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

| PARAMETER                 | TEST CONDITIONS       | MIN                                                              | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| <b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b> |                       |                                                                  |     |     |      |
| $V_{DD}$                  | Supply voltage        |                                                                  | 5   | 5.5 | V    |
| $I_{DD}$                  | Total supply current  |                                                                  | 175 | 200 | mA   |
| $I_{LNA1}$                | LNA1 supply current   | Pin 2 (VDD1)                                                     | 35  |     | mA   |
| $I_{LNA2}$                | LNA2 supply current   | Pin 20 (VDD2)                                                    | 35  |     | mA   |
| $I_{IF}$                  | IF AMP supply current | Pin 12 (VDDIF) plus IF drain bias on pins 13 and 14 (IFOP, IFON) | 55  |     | mA   |
| $I_{LO}$                  | LO supply current     | Pin 10 (VDDL0)                                                   | 50  |     | mA   |
| $V_{AGC}$                 | Gain control voltage  | 0                                                                |     | 2   | V    |
| $I_{AGC}$                 | Gain control current  | 0                                                                |     | 100 | μA   |
| $V_{IH}$                  | Input high voltage    | 2.5                                                              |     | 5   | V    |
| $V_{IL}$                  | Input low voltage     | 0                                                                |     | 0.8 | V    |
| $I_{IH}$                  | Input high current    |                                                                  |     | 300 | μA   |
| $I_{IL}$                  | Input low current     |                                                                  |     | –50 | μA   |

**DOWNCONVERTER CHARACTERISTICS**Unless otherwise stated  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $F_{RF} = 3500\text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

| PARAMETER       |                                 | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                              | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| $F_{RF}$        | RF input frequency              |                                                                                              | 3300 |     | 3800 | MHz  |
| $F_{LO}$        | LO input frequency              |                                                                                              | 2800 |     | 3400 | MHz  |
| $F_{IF}$        | IF output frequency             |                                                                                              | 400  | 480 | 500  | MHz  |
| G               | Maximum gain                    | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled, Measured into 100- $\Omega$ differential load      | 27   | 30  | 33   | dB   |
| $\Delta_{AGC}$  | Analog gain control range       | $V_{AGC}$ from 0 to 1.5 V, Any RFATTN setting. Measured into 100- $\Omega$ differential load | 7    | 10  |      | dB   |
| $\Delta_{ATTN}$ | Switched attenuator range       | RFATTN from high-to-low, any VAGC setting. Measured into 100- $\Omega$ differential load     | 8.5  | 10  | 11.5 | dB   |
| $G_{HG}$        | Gain flatness full band         | Any 200-MHz band                                                                             |      | 1   | 2    | dB   |
| $G_{NB}$        | Gain flatness / 6 MHz           | Any 6-MHz band                                                                               |      |     | 0.4  | dB   |
| NF              | Noise figure <sup>(1)</sup>     | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                     |      | 2.5 |      | dB   |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                      |      | 4.8 |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                   |      | 3.2 |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                    |      | 6.8 |      |      |
| IP-1dB          | Input power at 1-dB compression | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                     |      | –17 |      | dBm  |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                      |      | –6  |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                   |      | –10 |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                    |      | –4  |      |      |
| IIP3            | Input 3rd order intercept point | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                     |      | –7  |      | dBm  |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                      |      | –1  |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN disabled                                                   |      | –5  |      |      |
|                 |                                 | $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , RFATTN enabled                                                    |      | 5   |      |      |
| $P_{LO}$        | LO input power                  | Referenced to 100- $\Omega$ differential                                                     |      | 0   |      | dBm  |
|                 | LO to MXRI leakage              | LO input = 3 dBm, $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$                                                     | –35  | –45 |      | dB   |
|                 | LO to IF leakage                | LO input = 3 dBm, $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$                                                     | –40  | –50 |      | dB   |
|                 | LNAO to RXI isolation           | $F_{RF}$ F = 3300 to 3800 MHz, RFATTN = TTL High                                             | 40   |     |      | dB   |

(1) Assured by lab characterization/design and not subject to production test.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Measurements resulting in the following graphs were taken on the evaluation board of the ASIC (see [Figure 9](#)).

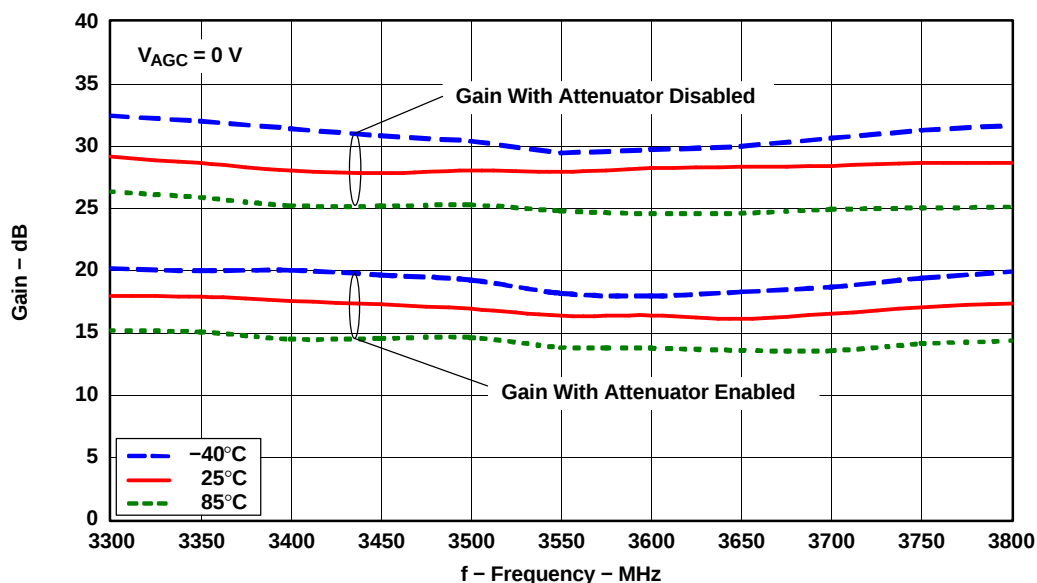


Figure 2. Gain vs Frequency for  $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$

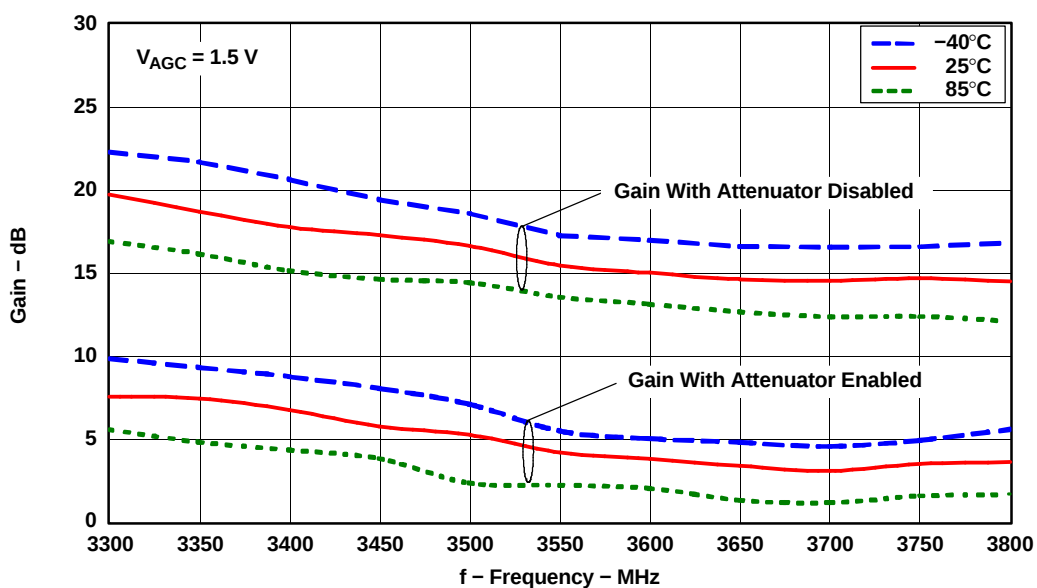
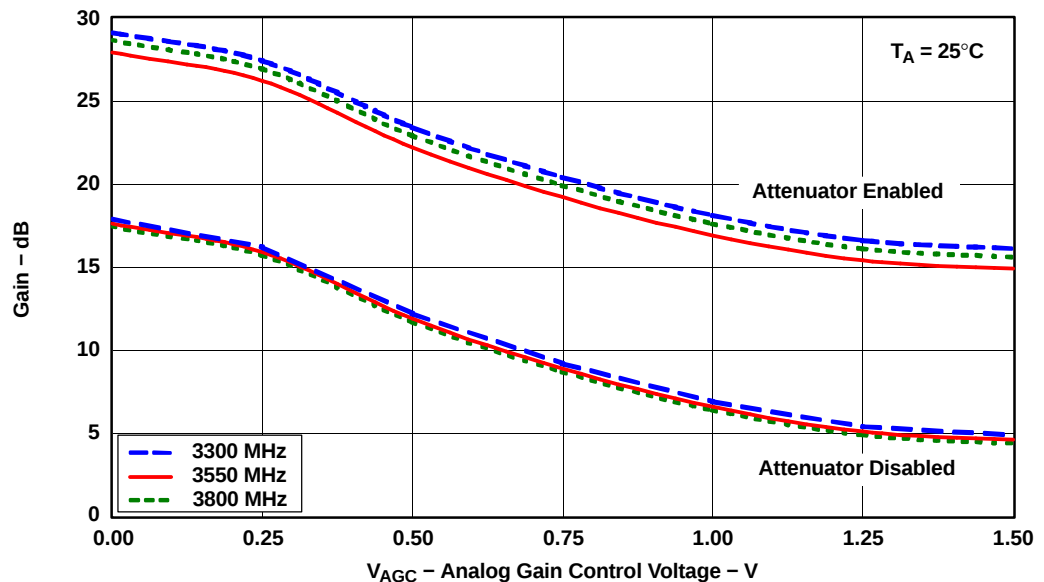
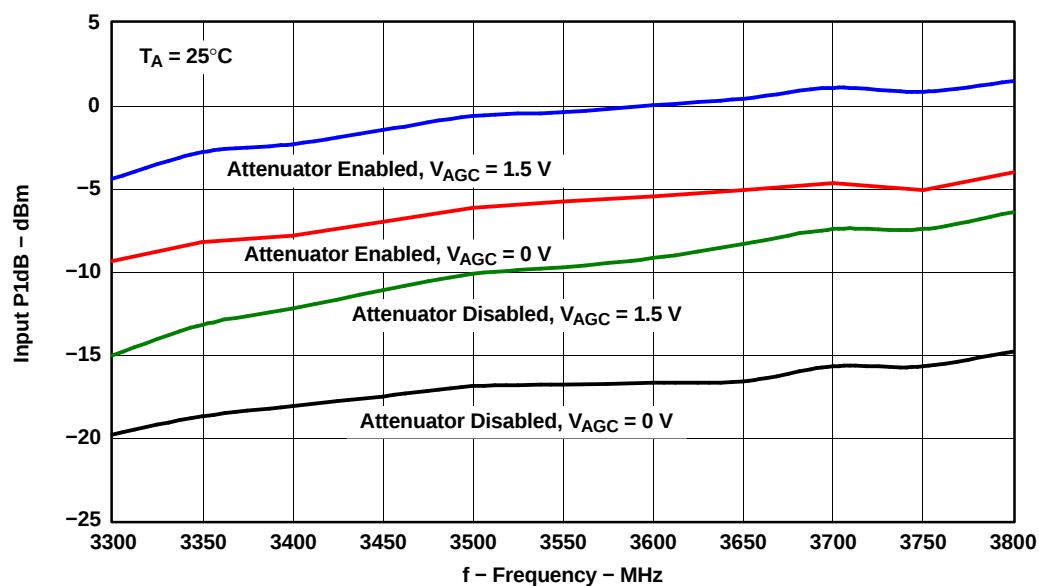


Figure 3. Gain vs Frequency for  $V_{AGC} = 1.5\text{ V}$

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)****Figure 4. Gain vs  $V_{AGC}$  for Different Frequencies, ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )****Figure 5. Input P1dB vs Frequency, ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

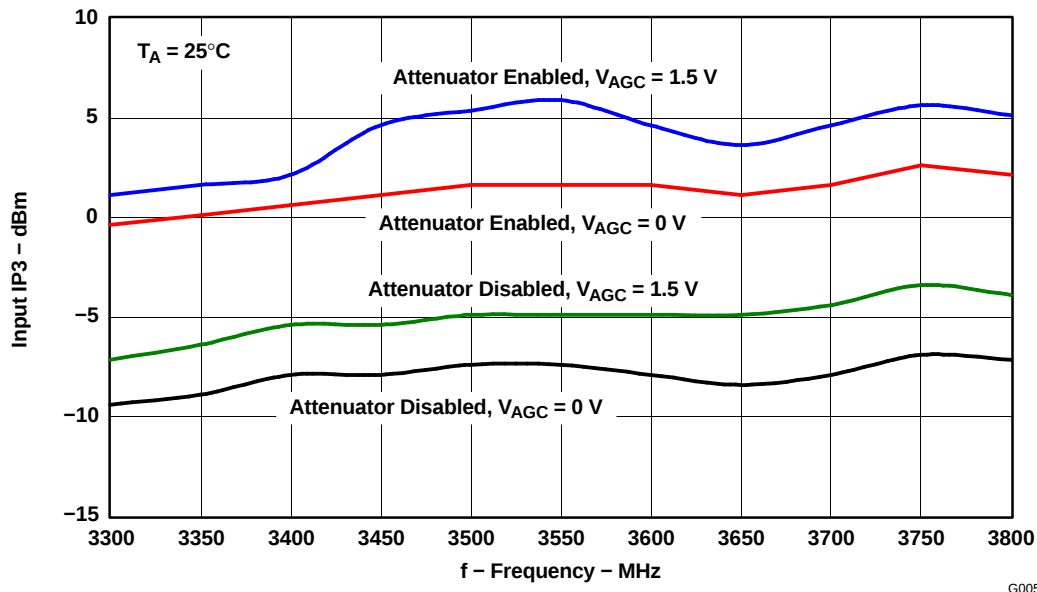


Figure 6. Input IP3 vs Frequency, ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

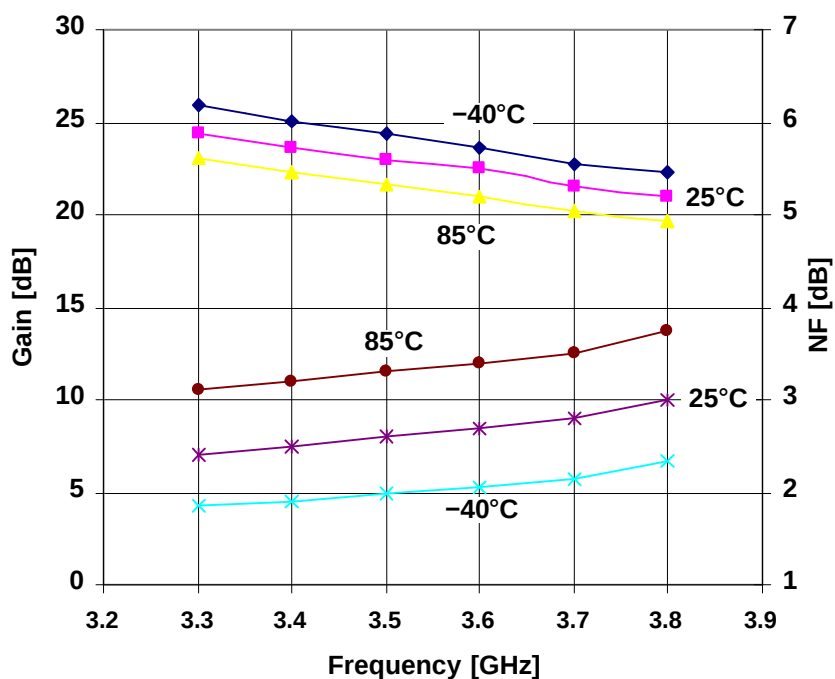


Figure 7. LNA Noise Figure vs Frequency With  $V_{AGC} = 0\text{ V}$

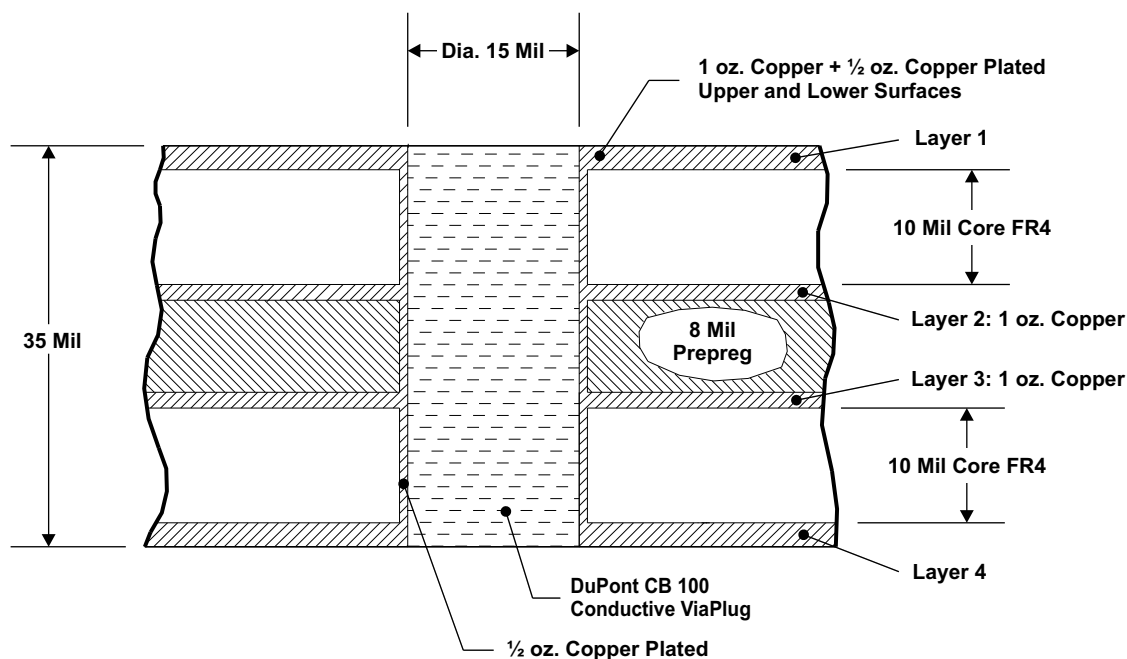
## APPLICATION INFORMATION

A typical application schematic is shown in [Figure 9](#).

The PCB material recommendations are shown in [Table 1](#) and [Figure 8](#).

**Table 1. PCB Recommendations**

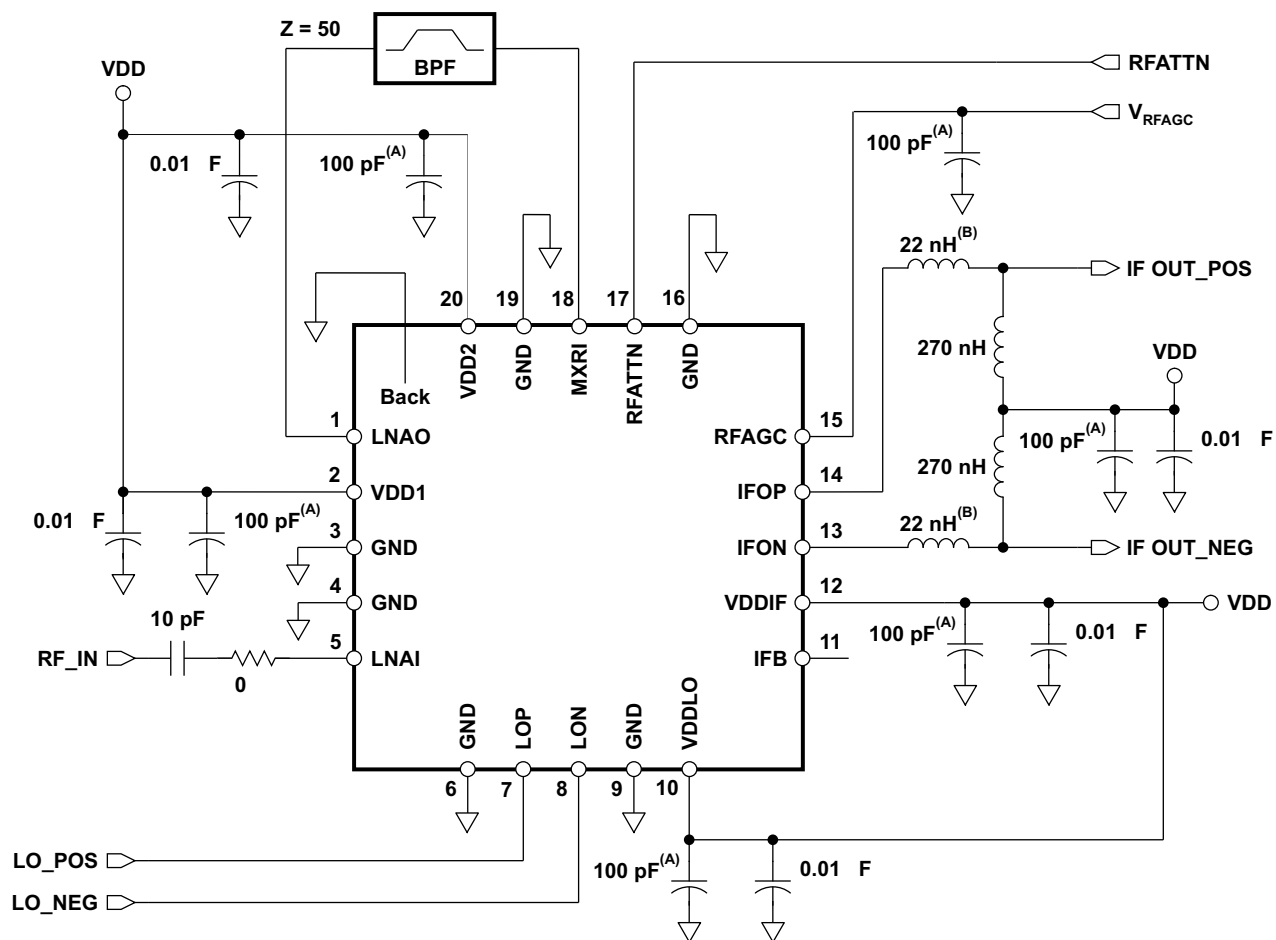
|                               |                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Board Material                | FR4                 |
| Board Material Core Thickness | 10 mil              |
| Copper Thickness (starting)   | 1 oz                |
| Prepreg Thickness             | 8 mil               |
| Recommended Number of Layers  | 4                   |
| Via Plating Thickness         | 1/2 oz              |
| Final Plate                   | White immersion tin |
| Final Board Thickness         | 33–37 mil           |



M0020-02

NOTE: Top and bottom surface finish: copper flash with 50–70 µin white tin immersion.

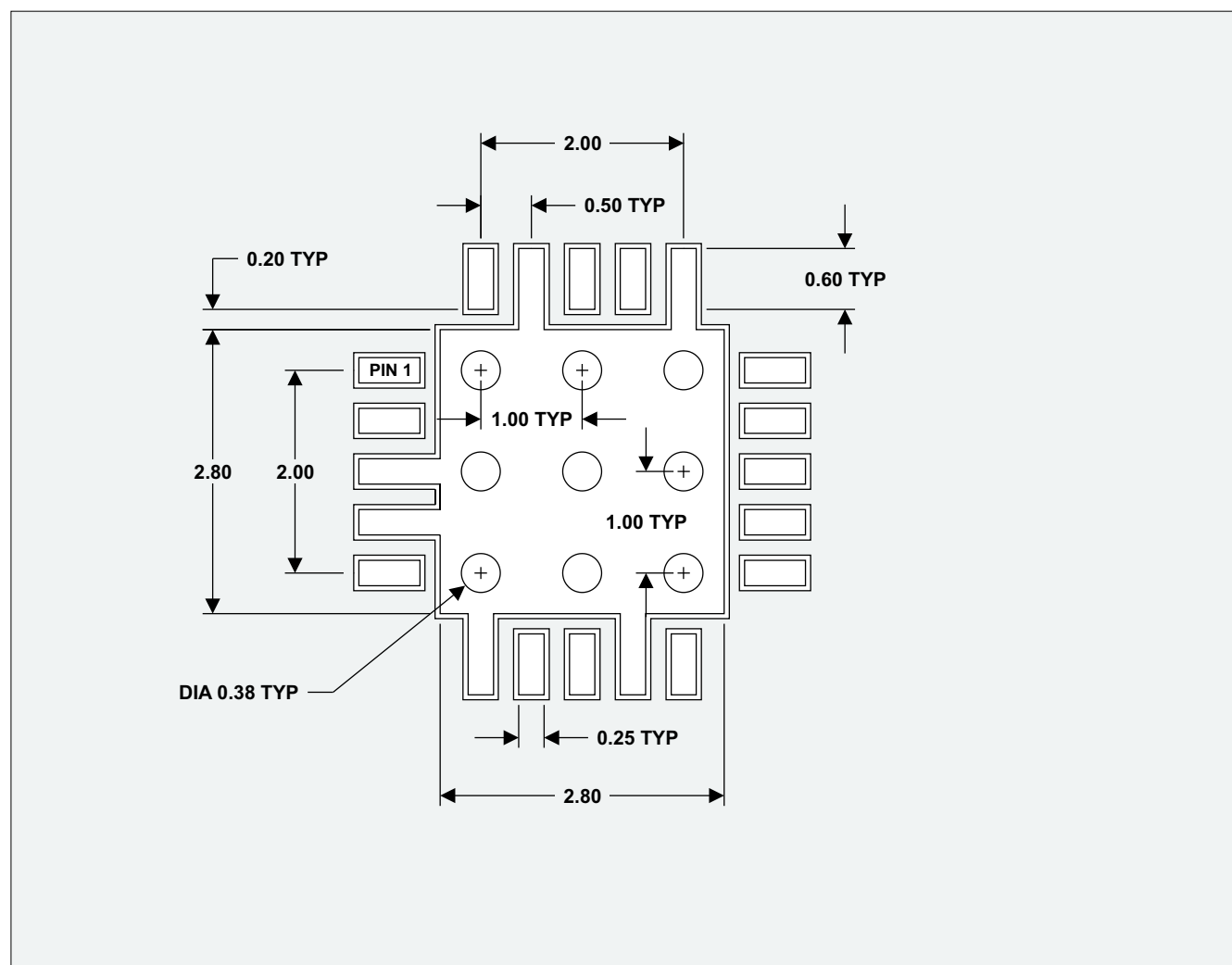
**Figure 8. PCB Construction and Via Cross Section**



S0122-01

- Place 100-pF capacitors close to package pins.
- Place 22-nH inductors close to package pins.

### Figure 9. Recommended Application Schematic



 Solder Mask. No Solder Mask Under Chip, On Lead Pads or On Ground Connections.

Notes: 9 Via Holes, Each 0.38 mm.  
Dimensions in mm

M0022-02

**Figure 10. Recommended Pad Layout**

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TRF1216IRGPR     | ACTIVE        | QFN          | RGP                | 20   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | TRF<br>1216             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TRF1216IRGPRG3   | ACTIVE        | QFN          | RGP                | 20   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | TRF<br>1216             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TRF1216IRGPT     | ACTIVE        | QFN          | RGP                | 20   |                | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI              | -40 to 85    | TRF<br>1216             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TRF1216IRGPTG3   | ACTIVE        | QFN          | RGP                | 20   |                | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI              | -40 to 85    | TRF<br>1216             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

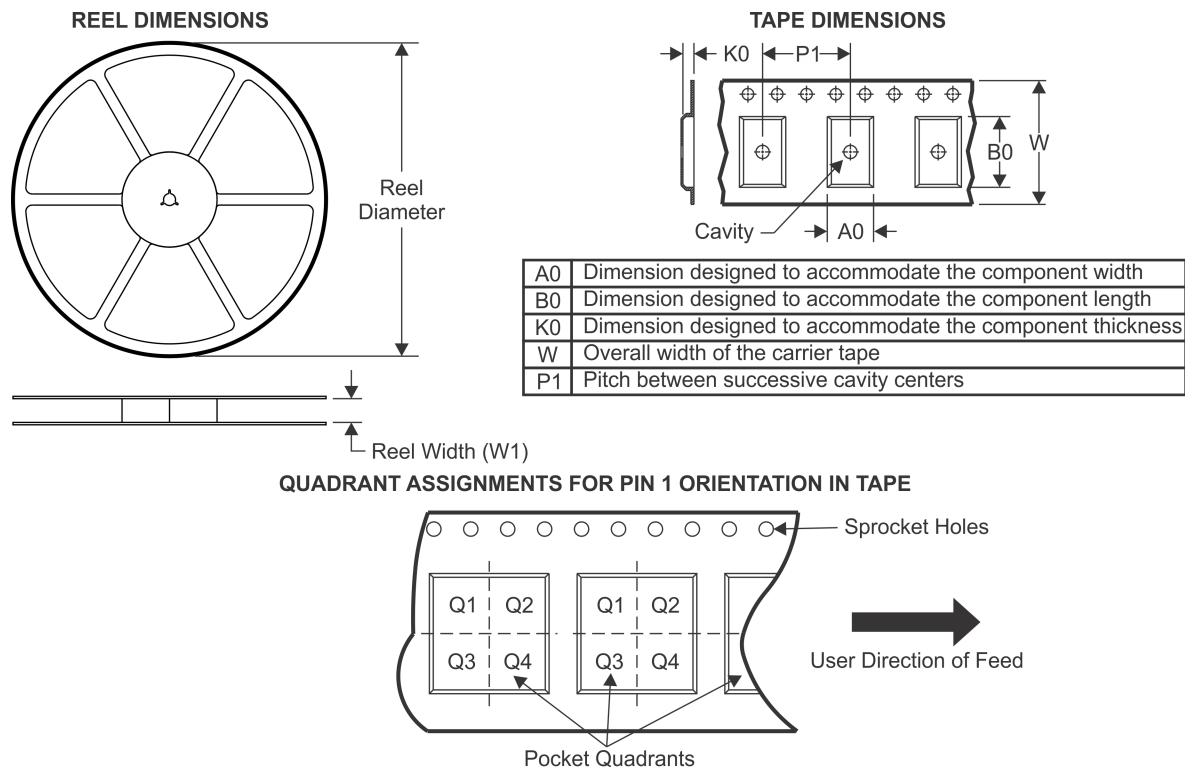
(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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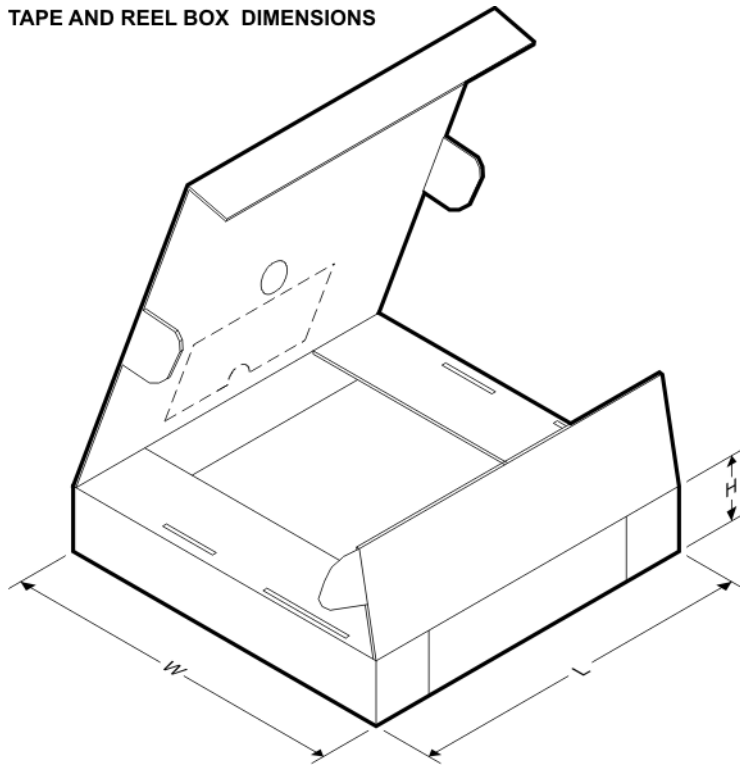
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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device       | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TRF1216IRGPR | QFN          | RGP             | 20   | 3000 | 330.0              | 12.4               | 4.3     | 4.3     | 1.5     | 8.0     | 12.0   | Q2            |
| TRF1216IRGPT | QFN          | RGP             | 20   | 250  | 180.0              | 12.4               | 4.3     | 4.3     | 1.5     | 8.0     | 12.0   | Q2            |

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

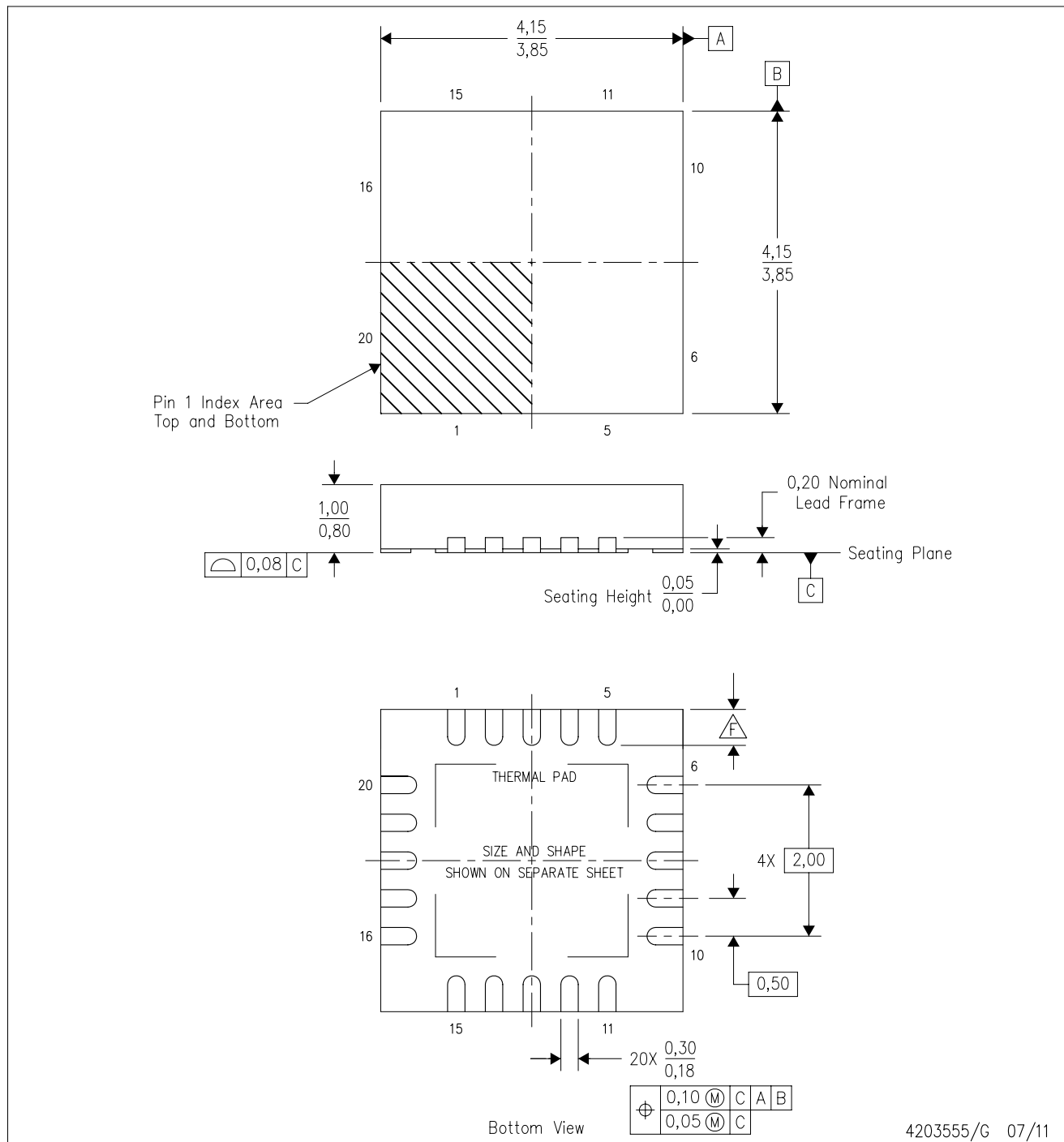


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device       | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TRF1216IRGPR | QFN          | RGP             | 20   | 3000 | 338.1       | 338.1      | 20.6        |
| TRF1216IRGPT | QFN          | RGP             | 20   | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |

RGP (S-PVQFN-N20)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4203555/G 07/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
  - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
  - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
  - F. Check thermal pad mechanical drawing in the product datasheet for nominal lead length dimensions.

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### Applications

|                               |                                                                                          |
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